



STEAMSHIP MUTUAL

January 2015

To the Members

Dear Sirs,

Notice is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Members of the Association will be held at the Registered office of the Association, Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM-11, Bermuda, on 19 February 2015 at 10.00 hours for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolutions:

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

THAT with effect from midnight G.M.T. on 19th February, 2015 the Bye-laws of the Association annexed hereto and marked 'A' for identification be adopted by the Association in substitution for and to the exclusion of the existing Bye-laws.

ORDINARY RESOLUTION

THAT with effect from Noon G.M.T. on 20th February, 2015 the amendments to the Rules of Class 1 (Protection and Indemnity) of the Association annexed hereto and marked 'B' for identification be adopted.

EXPLANATIONS REGARDING RESOLUTIONS

Byelaws

In light of the upcoming restructure a review of the Bye-laws has been undertaken. The principal changes are:

Cesser of Membership – Bye-law 4(1)

Members of Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association Limited ("SMUAL") are and will continue to be Members of the Association by virtue of Bye-law 3(5). A new Bye-law 4(1)(vi) has been added to clarify that if a Member ceases to be a Member of SMUAL then they also cease to be a Member of the Association.

B.637

THE STEAMSHIP MUTUAL UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION (BERMUDA) LIMITED

Registered Office: Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda
Authorised and regulated by the Bermuda Monetary Authority and authorised by the United Kingdom Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the United Kingdom Financial Conduct Authority and Prudential Regulation Authority (PRA and FCA registration number 202762)

MANAGERS: STEAMSHIP MUTUAL MANAGEMENT (BERMUDA) LIMITED
WASHINGTON MALL II, PO BOX HM 601, HAMILTON HM CX, BERMUDA
Tel: (441) 295 4502 Fax: (441) 292 8787 Website: www.steamshipmutual.com

Voting – Bye-law 34

The change to Bye-law 34 ensures that, on a poll, Members of the Association will be able to exercise the same number of votes as they will be able to exercise on a poll on an equivalent matter at an SMUAL meeting.

Eligibility – Bye-law 47

At present, Directors are automatically and immediately removed from the Board if, broadly, their company ceases to be a Member due to sanctions issues. In the future Members will be insured by SMUAL rather than the Association and without this change any Director whose company ceases to be a Member of SMUAL due to sanctions issues would remain as a Director until the next AGM. The amendment to Bye-law 47 ensures that if the company ceases to be a Member of SMUAL due to sanctions issues the Director will automatically and immediately be removed from the Board of the Association.

Rules

The attached table incorporates proposed changes to the Rules of the Protection and Indemnity Class (Class 1) for the forthcoming policy year. Explanatory notes in italics have been provided in the table, but in summary, the proposed changes are as follows:

Rule 6 - Entry

A new provision for service of notices and documents on the Members of the Club, so as to simplify the way in which the Club is permitted to correspond with Members, particularly in respect of corporate notices such as notices of general meetings.

Rule 9 ii - Affiliates

An amendment to provide that Club cover extends automatically, without a requirement for prior agreement, to enable recovery where a claim that, if made against the Member, itself, would be covered, can also be recovered when made against an associate or affiliate of the Member.

Rule 25 iv – Life Salvage

An amendment to clarify that cover under this Rule may extend, subject to the exercise of discretion by the Managers, to sums which third parties (such as port authorities) are entitled, or will become entitled, to recover from the Member for their expenses in saving or attempting to save the life of any person on or from an entered ship, without a requirement for there to be an “Award” in respect of such sums.

Rule 25 xiii proviso (viii) (b) – Delivery of cargo without production of negotiable bill of lading.

An amendment to align this provision with the wording set out in the Pooling Agreement which refers to production of a negotiable bill of lading *by the person to whom delivery is made*. An additional amendment to also include the Pooling Agreement exception from this exclusion, which allows cover for a Member’s liability arising under a negotiable bill of lading issued by another carrier where the Member has performed part of the carriage pursuant to a non-negotiable bill of lading issued by the Member.

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Rule 32 - Reinsurance

An amendment to widen the current restriction against reimbursement of a claim where there is a shortfall in recovery by the Club from another Club which is a party to the Pooling Agreement or from Excess Loss underwriters, by reason of sanctions, to apply also to shortfalls in recovery affecting other reinsurers and reinsurance arrangements. The proposed wording also clarifies that the restriction applies only in relation to liabilities that are reinsured, and only where breach of sanctions has affected recoveries under such reinsurances.

Rule 35 Cessation of Membership

An amendment to clarify that the automatic suspension of cover provision in Rule 35 ii operates when the Club is exposed to sanctions risks, not just when there is an actual or prospective breach of sanctions regulations. The amendment ties the suspension of Club cover with the risk that the employment of the vessel exposes the Club to the risk of sanctions.

By Order of the Board

S. Davis
Secretary

27th January 2015

N.B. A Member who is entitled to attend and vote at the above Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend, speak and vote in his or her place. The instrument appointing a proxy may be in the form enclosed and must be deposited with the Secretary at Clarendon House, Church Street West, P.O. Box HM 666, Hamilton HM CX, Bermuda, not less than 48 hours before the time specified for the holding of the Meeting.

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B Y E - L A W S

of

**THE STEAMSHIP MUTUAL UNDERWRITING
ASSOCIATION (BERMUDA) LIMITED**

INDEX

Bye-law Numbers		Page Number
1	Interpretation	1
2.	Number of Members	3
3	Membership	3
4	Cesser of Membership	4
5	Classes	5
6	Discontinuance of Classes	5
7	Conduct of Class Business and Rules	6
8	Separate Meetings of Members of Classes	6
9	Amendment of Class Rules	6
10	Class Accounts	6
11	Member Contributions to Classes	6
12	Segregation of Insurance by Class	7
13	Liability of Members is to Company Only	7
14	Rights of Members are Against Company Only	7
15	Class Receipts and Payments	7
16	Special Entries	7
17	Default in Contributions	8
18	Annual General Meetings	8
19	Special General Meetings	8
20	Notice of General Meetings and Record Date	8
21	Requisition of General Meetings	9
22	Accidental Omission to Give Notice	10
23	Proceedings at General Meetings	10
24	Quorum at General Meetings	10
25	Lack of Quorum	11
26	Adjournment of General Meetings	11
27	Chairman of General Meetings	11
28	Telephonic Participation	11

29	Voting	11
30	Demand for Poll by Proxies	12
31	Error in Vote Count	12
32	Conduct of Polls	12
33	Required Majority on Voting	12
34	Votes of Members	12
35	Corporate Representatives	14
36	Member Acting Through Receiver	14
37	Condition to Right to Vote	14
38	Voting on Poll in Person or by Proxy	14
39	Objections to Qualification to Vote	14
40	Methods of Appointment of Proxy	15
41	Receipt of Appointments of Proxy	15
42	Validity of Appointments of Proxy	15
43	Distribution of Instruments of Proxy	15
44	Validity of Votes by Proxy	15
45	Alteration of Bye-laws	15
46	Number of Directors	16
47	Eligibility	16
48	Board Authority to Manage Company Business	17
49	Board Responsibility for Books and Assets	18
50	Delegation to Committees	18
51	Power to Appoint Attorney	18
52	Power to Borrow and Charge Property	18
53	Exercise of Power to Discontinue the Company	18
54	Delegation to Managers	18
55	Vacancies on Board	19
56	Conflicts of Interest	19
57	Remuneration of Directors	20
58	Expenses of Directors	20
59	Quorum for Board Meetings	20

60	Restriction on United Kingdom Residents at Board Meetings	20
61	Board Meetings	21
62	Written Resolutions	21
63	Removal of Directors	21
64	Alternate Directors	22
65	Vacation of Office of Director	22
66	Minutes	23
67	Officers Other than Directors	23
68	Managers	24
69	Accounts	24
70	Audit	25
71	Notices and Information	26
72	Seal	26
73	Indemnity	26
74	Arbitration	27
75	Winding up	28
SCHEDULE	Form of Proxy	29

INTERPRETATION

1. (1) In these By-Laws the following expressions shall where the context so admits have the following respective meanings:

the “Act” means “The Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Company Act, 1974” and any amendments thereto;

“Auditor” includes any individual or partnership;

“Board” means the Board of Directors of the Company;

“Chairman” means the Chairman of the Board;

the “Classes” means the P and I Class, the Defence Class, the Strike Class, the War Risks Class and any other Class of insurance which may at any time exist within the Company;

“clear days” means in relation to the period of notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;

the “Company” means The Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Limited;

the “Companies Act” means the Companies Act 1981 (as may from time to time be amended);

the “Defence Class” means The Freight, Demurrage and Defence Class of the Company (Class II);

the “Directors” mean the Members of the Board for the time being;

“insurance or insured” means insurance or insured against the risk specified in the Rules of the respective Classes;

“liabilities” includes duties and obligations of every description;

the “Managers” mean the Managers for the time being of the Company;

“Members” in relation to the Company means at any stated time all the persons who are then Members of any Class within the Company or a Director in accordance with Bye-Law 3;

“month” means calendar month;

“notice” means written notice unless otherwise specifically stated;

“Owner” means owner, owners in partnership, owners holding separate shares in severalty, part owner, mortgagees, trustee, charterer, operator, manager or builder of a Ship;

the “P and I Class” means The Protection and Indemnity Class of the Company (Class I);

“President”, “Vice President” and “Treasurer” mean, respectively, only the officers of the Company having such titles;

“Registrar” means the Registrar of Companies;

“Register of Members” means the Register of Members of the Company for the time being maintained by the Company;

“Reserve Fund” means a sum of Two Hundred and Forty Thousand United States Dollars as required by Section 15 (1) of the Act;

the “Rules” mean the Rules from time to time in force governing the conduct of the whole or any part of the business of the Company;

the “Seal” means the Common Seal of the Company;

“Secretary” means the person appointed to perform the duties of the Secretary of the Company and shall (subject to the provisions of the Act) include an assistant or deputy Secretary and any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary;

“Ship” means a ship or boat or hydrofoil or hovercraft or any other description of vessel or structure used in navigation or for the carriage or storage of goods or for the carriage of passengers, or any part thereof or any portion of the tonnage or insured value thereof or any share therein, including any Ship as herein defined under construction;

“statutory declaration” means a declaration filed with the Registrar;

the “Strike Class” means the Strike Risks Class of the Company (Class III);

“subsidiary” means a subsidiary as defined in the Companies Act;

“Tonnage” means the gross tonnage of a Ship as certified or stated in the certificate of registry, or other official document relating to the registration of each Ship, or if more than one tonnage is shown, the higher, and “ton” refers to the unit of such tonnage;

“War Risks Class” means the War Risk Class of the Company (Class IV);

“year” means calendar year unless otherwise specifically stated.

- (2) In these Bye-Laws, where not inconsistent with the context:

"may" shall be construed as permissive;

"shall" shall be construed as imperative;

words importing only the singular number shall also include the plural number and vice versa;

words importing only the masculine gender shall also include the feminine and neuter genders;

words importing persons shall also include companies or associations or bodies of persons whether corporate or unincorporated;

"in writing" and "written" shall also include facsimile, printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing works in visible form and documents and information in electronic form are “in writing” for the purposes of these Bye-laws;

"these Islands" mean the Islands of Bermuda;

words and expressions defined in the Rules shall have the same meaning in the Bye-laws unless expressly stated otherwise.

- (3) Headings used in these Bye-laws are for convenience only and are not to be used or relied upon in the construction hereof.
- (4) In the event of any inconsistency between the Rules and these Bye-laws, the provisions of these Bye-laws shall prevail.

NUMBER OF MEMBERS

2. The Company shall consist of an unlimited number of Members.

MEMBERSHIP

3. (1) Every Owner who has a Ship entered for insurance in the Company and whose name is entered in the Register of Members shall, subject to the proviso to paragraph (3) of this Bye-Law, be a Member of the Company.

- (2) Every Director of the Company whilst holding that office shall be a Member of the Company and his name shall be entered in the Register of Members and the Register of Director and Officers.
- (3) Subject to the proviso to this paragraph, any Owner who desires to enter a Ship for insurance in the Company shall, if he is not already a Member of the Company, be deemed in applying for such entry to have agreed that if such entry is accepted he will thereupon become and be a Member of the Company in accordance with these Bye-Laws: PROVIDED that the Company may permit any Owner to enter a Ship for insurance in the Company without requiring such Owner to be or become a Member of the Company but only upon the condition that all the provisions of the relevant Rules as to the terms upon which such entry is permitted shall be observed and shall be binding upon such Owner.

~~(4) Every person who is a Member of the Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association (Europe) Limited, in accordance with Article 9, paragraph (4) of the Articles of Constitution of the Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association (Europe) Limited dated 21st February 1994 or any subsequent amendment thereof, shall be a Member of the Company and shall be entered in the Register of Members.~~

(54) Every person who is a Member of the Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association Limited ("SMUA") ~~of London~~ in accordance with Article 3 of the Articles of Association thereof Dated 10th January 1963 or any subsequent amendment thereof shall be a Member of the Company and shall be entered in the Register of Members.

(65) Membership shall not be transferable or transmissible.

(76) The Board or, as delegated to them by the Board, the Managers shall be at liberty to refuse any application for entry of a Ship for insurance in the Company from any Owner without stating reasons whether or not that Owner is or has been a Member.

(87) Where a Ship is entered for insurance in the Company by more than one Owner all such Owners of such Ships shall be deemed to be joint Members. Joint Members shall for the purposes of contribution be treated as one Member, but shall be jointly and severally liable in respect thereof.

CESSER OF MEMBERSHIP

4. (1) A Member shall ipso facto cease to be a Member:
 - (i) If, being a Member in his capacity as a Director and not otherwise, he shall cease to be a Director;

- (ii) If, being an individual, he dies or a receiving order shall be made against him, he becomes bankrupt or he makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;
- (iii) If, being an individual, he becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder of managing and administering his property and affairs;
- (iv) If, being a corporation, it be wound up or dissolved, it has a receiver or manager appointed over any of its assets or seeks protection from its creditors, it has filed for reorganization or rehabilitation pursuant to any applicable laws, or if a creditor takes uncontested possession of any of its assets pursuant to any security interest therein;

(v) If he suffers any equivalent or analogous event in any jurisdiction to those events referred to in the preceding sub-paragraphs (ii), (iii) or (iv);

~~(v)~~(vi) If, being a Member by virtue of Bye-law 3(4), he ceases to be a Member of SMUA;

(vii) If, not being a Member in his capacity as a Director, he shall cease to have any Ship entered for insurance in the Company.

- (2) A Member who ceases to be a Member and his estate, personal representatives, trustees in bankruptcy, receiver or other person authorised to act on behalf of a Member who becomes incapable by reason of mental disorder of managing his property and affairs or liquidator as the case may require shall, notwithstanding such cesser, be and remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys due to the Company in accordance with the Rules.

CLASSES

5. The Company shall have the following Classes initially and such other Classes as the Board may determine from time to time:

- (1) The P and I Class;
- (2) The Defence Class;
- (3) The Strike Class;
- (4) The War Risks Class.

The Rules of each Class shall initially be determined by the Board and such Rules shall remain in force subject to any alterations therein or additions thereto made as hereinafter provided.

DISCONTINUANCE OF CLASSES

6. Any Class may be discontinued or wound up in such manner and upon such terms as may be directed either by a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the Members of such Class or by a resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company.

CONDUCT OF CLASS BUSINESS AND RULES

7. The business of each Class shall, subject to these Bye-Laws be conducted according to the Rules of such Class.

SEPARATE MEETINGS OF MEMBERS OF CLASSES

8. The Board may at any time convene a separate meeting of the Members of any Class. A separate meeting of any Class shall also be convened on the requisition in writing of not less than twenty-five Members of such Class. To every separate meeting all the provisions for these Bye-Laws relating to general meetings of the Company shall, mutatis mutandis, apply except that if at any adjourned meeting a quorum is not present those Members of the Class who are present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum but so that not less than two individuals shall constitute the quorum.

AMENDMENT OF CLASS RULES

9. The Rules of any Class may be altered or added to either by a resolution passed at a separate meeting of the Members of such Class or by a resolution passed at a general meeting of the Company PROVIDED in each case that no such alteration shall be effective unless and until the same shall be sanctioned by the Board.

CLASS ACCOUNTS

10. A separate account shall be kept for each Class to which shall be debited all payments necessarily or properly made by or on behalf of the Company in connection with that Class, including all payments of claims, expenses and other outgoings. There shall also be debited to the separate account of each Class such proportion of the general expenses of the Company as the Directors may determine.

MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS TO CLASSES

11. There shall be provided by way of contributions to be made by the Members insured in any Class levied from time to time in accordance with the Rules of such Class the funds required:

- (1) to meet all such claims, liabilities, costs, expenses and other outgoings (whether incurred, accrued or anticipated) as the Board determines necessary and properly fall on the Company;
- (2) to establish, maintain or accumulate such reserve or reserves as the Board may deem necessary, expedient or prudent;
- (3) without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this Bye-law, to accumulate such amounts as may be necessary to establish and maintain any solvency margin, guarantee fund or other fund as may be required by the Company by any government or regulatory authority or by any legislation or regulation.

Every Member shall pay to the Company all contributions which shall be duly levied upon him as aforesaid. Such contributions to the funds of the Company shall be levied upon and paid by the Members as mutual premium, additional premium and overspill calls in accordance with the Rules.

SEGREGATION OF INSURANCE BY CLASS

12. All policies of insurance underwritten on behalf of any Class shall be underwritten in the name of the Company but no person shall, in respect of insurance in any Class, be liable to pay or entitled to receive any money in respect of insurance in any other Class.

LIABILITY OF MEMBERS IS TO COMPANY ONLY

13. Every engagement or liability of a Member in respect of any insurance shall for all purposes relating to enforcing such engagement or liability be deemed to be an engagement or liability by or on the part of such Member to the Company, and not to any other Member or other person and all moneys payable thereunder shall be paid to the Company.

RIGHTS OF MEMBERS ARE AGAINST COMPANY ONLY

14. All claims in respect of insurance shall be made and enforced against the Company only, and not against any Member, and Members only shall be entitled to make and enforce such claims on the Company. The Company shall not be liable to any Member or other person for the amount of any loss, claim or demand, except to the extent of the funds which the Company is able to recover from the Members or other persons liable for the same and which are applicable to that purpose.

CLASS RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

15. All payments to or by the Company in respect of any insurance in any Class shall be due to or made by the Company but shall be accounted for or charged to, as the case may be, the account of such Class. In case the Company shall incur any costs or expenses in or for any legal proceedings or arbitration or otherwise in respect of the business of any Class such costs and expenses shall be charged to the account of such Class.

SPECIAL ENTRIES

16. The Board may, notwithstanding the provisions of these Bye-Laws or of the Rules, accept entries upon such special terms as to contribution (including exemption from the provisions of the next succeeding Bye-Law) and as to the nature and extent of risks covered and otherwise as they may think fit and may accept as such entries reinsurances from other insurers. The Board may also reinsure the whole or any portion of the risks of the Company upon such terms as they may think fit.

DEFAULT IN CONTRIBUTIONS

17. In the event of any Member making default in payment of any contribution due from him for insurance in any Class, the same shall (subject to the provisions of the last preceding Bye-Law) be paid by such of the other Members entered for insurance in such Class as is or may be prescribed by the Rules of such Class rateably in proportion to the contributions last due from them respectively, and payment may be enforced in the name of the Company. Each Member who may for the time being be entitled to receive from any Class any payment in respect of any loss, claim or demand, shall bear and contribute the proportion thereof due in respect of any Ship or Ships entered by him in such class, including the Ship in respect of which the loss, claim or demand arises.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

18. The Company shall at least once in each year hold in these Islands or elsewhere a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year. The annual general meeting shall be held at such time and place as the Board shall determine. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called special general meetings.

SPECIAL GENERAL MEETINGS

19. The Board or any two members thereof or the President may convene a special general meeting of the Members.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS AND RECORD DATE

20. (1) At least 5 clear days' notice of an annual general meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat, stating the date, place and time at which the meeting is to be held, that the election of Directors will take place thereat, and as far as practicable, the other business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (2) At least 5 clear days' notice of a special general meeting shall be given to each Member entitled to attend and vote thereat, stating the date, time, place and the general nature of the business to be considered at the meeting.
- (3) The Board may fix any date as the record date for determining the Members entitled to receive notice of and to vote at any general meeting of the Company.
- (4) A notice may be given by the Company to any Member:
- (i) by delivering it to such Member in person; or
 - (ii) by sending it by letter mail or courier to such Member's address in the Register of Members or to such other address given for the purpose; or
 - (iii) by transmitting it by electronic means (including facsimile and electronic mail, but not telephone) in accordance with such directions as may be

- given by such Member to the Company for such purpose; or
- (iv) by delivering it in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act pertaining to delivery of electronic records by publication on a website.
- (5) Any notice required to be given to joint Members shall be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Members and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all such joint Members.
- (6) Save as provided by Bye-law 20(7), any notice shall be deemed to have been served at the time when the same would be delivered in the ordinary course of transmission and, in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice was properly addressed and prepaid, if mailed, at the time when it was mailed, delivered to the courier or to the cable company or transmitted by telex, facsimile, electronic mail, or such other method as the case may be.
- (7) Notice sent by facsimile or electronic mail shall be deemed given at the expiration of 24 hours after it was sent. Notice sent by mail or by courier shall be deemed to have been given five days after the date on which it is deposited, with airmail postage prepaid, in the mail or dispatched by such courier as the case may be and, in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to prove that the notice was properly addressed and prepaid, if posted, and the time when it was posted, delivered to the courier or to the cable company or transmitted by telex, facsimile or other method as the case may be. Any notice delivered in accordance with Bye-law 20(4)(iv) shall be deemed to have been delivered at the time when the requirements of the Companies Act in that regard have been met.
- (8) The Company shall be under no obligation to send a notice or other document to the address shown for any particular Member in the Register of Members if the Board considers that the legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange in, the territory in which that address is situated are such that it is necessary or expedient not to send the notice or document concerned to such Member at such address and may require a Member with such an address to provide the Company with an alternative acceptable address for delivery of notices by the Company.

REQUISITION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

21. Subject to the provisions of the Companies Act, it shall be the duty of the Board on the requisition in writing signed by one or more requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company being Members of the Company holding not less than one tenth of the total voting rights and (unless the Company otherwise resolves) at the expense of the requisitionists, to give to Members entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting and to circulate to Members entitled to have notice of the meeting sent to them any statements of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

ACCIDENTAL OMISSION TO GIVE NOTICE

22. The accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt of notice by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at any general meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

23. (1) All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a special general meeting. The business that is transacted at an annual general meeting shall include the consideration of the Accounts, Balance Sheet and Reports of the Board and Auditors, the appointment of Directors and Auditors, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.
- (2) (i) At each annual general meeting one third of the Directors for the time being or, if their number is not divisible by three, then the number nearest to one third, shall retire from office;
- (ii) The Directors to retire at every annual general meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who become Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot;
- (iii) a retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election;
- (iv) No person other than a Director retiring at a general meeting shall, unless approved by the Directors and duly qualified, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless not less than seven days before such meeting there shall have been left at the registered office of the Company notice in writing signed by a Member duly qualified to attend and vote at such meeting, of his intention to propose such person for election, and also a notice in writing, signed by that person, of his willingness to be nominated and if elected to serve as a Director.

QUORUM AT GENERAL MEETINGS

24. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present. Save as in these Bye-Laws otherwise provided, five Members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum but so that not less than two individuals shall constitute the quorum.

LACK OF QUORUM

25. If within half an hour from the time appointed for a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of or by Members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place or to such other day and at such time and place as the Board may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within 15 minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum, but so that not less than two individuals shall constitute the quorum.

ADJOURNMENT OF GENERAL MEETINGS

26. The chairman of a general meeting may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, at least five clear days' notice, specifying the place, the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of the original meeting, but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. Save as aforesaid, no Member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

CHAIRMAN OF GENERAL MEETINGS

27. The Chairman, if any, shall act as chairman at all meetings of the Members and at all meetings of the Board at which he is present. In his absence, the President, if present, shall act as chairman, and in the absence of both of them, one of the Vice Presidents shall act as chairman or in their absence some other Director, but if at any meeting neither the chairman, the President, Vice President or any other Director be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, or if none of them is willing to act as chairman, the Directors present shall choose one of their number present to be chairman, or if no Directors be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the Members present shall choose some Member present to be chairman of the meeting.

TELEPHONIC PARTICIPATION

28. Members may participate in any general meeting by such telephonic, electronic or other communication facilities or means as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

VOTING

29. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before or upon the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll is demanded by the chairman or by at least 10 Members having the right to vote at the meeting or

by a Member or Members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the meeting. Unless a poll is demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the Company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number of proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

DEMAND FOR POLL BY PROXIES

30. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting shall be deemed also to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll, and for the purposes of the last preceding Bye-Law a demand by a person as proxy for a Member shall be the same as a demand by the Member.

ERROR IN VOTE COUNT

31. If any vote shall be counted which ought not to have been counted or might have been rejected, the error shall not vitiate the result of the voting unless it be pointed out at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given, and not in that case unless it shall in the opinion of the chairman of the meeting be of sufficient magnitude to vitiate the result of the voting.

CONDUCT OF POLLS

32. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman of the meeting or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such time (not being more than 30 days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded) and place as the chairman of the meeting shall direct and no notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. A poll shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers) as the chairman of the meeting shall direct. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

REQUIRED MAJORITY ON VOTING

33. A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be carried by the affirmative votes of the majority of votes cast and in the case of an equality of votes, the resolution shall fail and the chairman of the meeting shall not be entitled to a further casting vote.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

34. (1) Every Member who is present in person and entitled to vote pursuant to this Bye-law shall have one vote on a show of hands and upon a poll, every Member present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the meeting shall have the number of votes specified below, and shall be entitled to cast votes under more than one of those paragraphs if qualified to do so, subject always to a maximum of 5 votes per Member:

(i) a Member who is a Member by virtue of Bye-law 3(2), in his capacity as a Member, shall be entitled to one vote;

~~(i)~~(ii) a Member who is a Member by virtue of Bye-law 3(4) shall be entitled to such number of votes as he would be entitled to if the same matter were, at the same time, subject to a vote of the Members of SMUA;

~~(ii)~~(iii) a Member in whose name Ship(s) is or are entered for insurance in the Company on terms that such Member is liable to pay calls to the Company, shall be entitled to such number of votes calculated as follows:

- (a) whose Ships' total entered Tonnage does not exceed 10,000GT, one vote;
- (b) whose Ships' total entered Tonnage exceeds 10,000GT, then:
 - (1) for each Ship the entered Tonnage of which exceeds 10,000GT, one vote; and
 - (2) for any Ships the entered Tonnage of which does not exceed 10,000GT, one vote for each complete unit of 10,000GT entered,

but subject always to a maximum of 5 votes per Member.

For the avoidance of doubt, if the Member also has Ship(s) entered for insurance or reinsurance in the Company on terms that the Member is liable to pay a fixed premium to the Company in respect of such Ship(s) then such Ship(s) and their Tonnage shall be disregarded when calculating the number of votes to which such Member is entitled under the foregoing provisions of this paragraph (b);

- (c) a Member in whose name Ship(s) is or are entered for insurance or reinsurance in the Company on terms that such Member is liable to pay a fixed premium to the Company in respect of such Ship(s) shall not have the right to vote in respect of such Ship(s) or their Tonnage;
- (d) a Member in whose name Ship(s) is or are entered for reinsurance in the Company on terms that it pays calls to the Company, then such Member, in such capacity, shall not be entitled to vote under (a) and (b) above but shall be entitled to one vote only regardless of the number of Ships (or their respective Tonnage) entered in the Company.

For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of joint Members entitled to vote, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint Members, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand as joint Members in the Register of Members.

- (2) For the purposes of this Bye-law, a Member who is liable to pay calls to the Company is a Member who is, or may be, liable under the Rules to pay Additional Premium and/or Overspill Calls.

CORPORATE REPRESENTATIVES

35. A corporation which is a Member of the Company may by written instrument authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or at any Separate Meeting of the Members of any Class, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual Member of the Company.

MEMBER ACTING THROUGH RECEIVER

36. If any Member shall be incapable by reason of mental disorder of managing and administering his property and affairs he may vote by his receiver or other person authorised to act on his behalf, and such receiver or other person as aforesaid may give his vote either personally or by proxy, provided that such evidence as the Board may require of the authority of the person claiming to vote shall have been deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which such person claims to vote.

CONDITION TO RIGHT TO VOTE

37. No Member shall, unless the Board otherwise determines, be entitled to vote at any general meeting, either personally or by proxy, or to exercise any privilege as a Member unless all sums presently due from him to the Company have been paid.

VOTING ON POLL IN PERSON OR BY PROXY

38. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. Any proxy shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the Member which he represents as that Member could exercise at the meeting if it were an individual Member of the Company, including without limitation the power to speak at the meeting.

OBJECTIONS TO QUALIFICATION TO VOTE

39. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time

shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

METHODS OF APPOINTMENT OF PROXY

40. A Member may appoint a proxy by (a) an instrument appointing a proxy in writing in the form set out in the Schedule to these Bye-Laws, in any common form or such other form as the Board may determine from time to time or (b) such telephonic, electronic or other means as may be approved by the Board from time to time. A proxy need not be a Member.

RECEIPT OF APPOINTMENTS OF PROXY

41. The appointment of a proxy must be received by the Company at the registered office of the Company or at such other place or in such manner as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote, and an appointment of proxy which is not received in the manner so permitted shall be invalid.

VALIDITY OF APPOINTMENTS OF PROXY

42. The decision of the chairman of any general meeting as to the validity of any appointment of a proxy shall be final.

DISTRIBUTION OF INSTRUMENTS OF PROXY

43. The Board may at the expense of the Company send, by post or otherwise, to the Members instruments of proxy (with or without stamped envelopes for their return), for use at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the Members of any Class, either in blank or nominating in the alternative any one or more persons. If for the purpose of any meeting invitations to appoint as proxy a person or one of a number of persons specified in the invitations are issued at the expense of the Company, such invitations shall be issued to all (and not to some only) of the Members entitled to be sent a notice of the meeting and to vote thereat by proxy.

VALIDITY OF VOTES BY PROXY

44. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the death or insanity of the principal, or the revocation of the instrument of proxy or of the authority under which the instrument of proxy was executed, provided that no notice in writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company at its registered office three hours at least before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the instrument of proxy is used.

ALTERATION OF BYE-LAWS

45. The Board may from time to time revoke, alter, amend or add to the Bye-Laws. However, no such revocation, alteration, amendment or addition shall be operative unless or until it is confirmed at a special general meeting or at the next annual general meeting.

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

46. The number of Directors shall be not less than six nor more than 32 as the Members may from time to time determine.

ELIGIBILITY

47. (1) Any person who is ordinarily resident in these Islands and not more than three persons who are not resident shall be eligible to be appointed or elected as a Director, subject to the age requirements set out below in Bye-law 47(2) and the proviso applicable thereto. In addition, but subject always to Bye-law 47(2), persons who qualify under either of the following conditions (A) or (B), whether or not ordinarily resident in these Islands, shall be eligible for appointment or election as Directors of the Company, namely,
- (A) a maximum of four persons nominated by a majority of the Directors as having expertise required for the good governance of the Company;
 - (B) any person who is or has been:
 - (i) an Owner or his agent; or
 - (ii) a director or a person employed in any executive capacity by a corporation which is any of the following:
 - (a) a Member;
 - (b) the holding company of a corporation which is a Member;
 - (c) a subsidiary of a Member Corporation;
 - (d) associated with a Member Corporation.

(corporations described at b, c and d above collectively “Associated Corporations”)

PROVIDED THAT:

- 1) Where a Director of the Company holds that office by virtue of the application of the criteria in (B) above, and either:
 - (i) the Owner ceases to have any vessels entered in the Company; or
 - (ii) the Member ceases to be a Member of the Company; or
 - (iii) the Director ceases to be employed by a current Member or one of its Associated Corporations;

the Director shall retire at the AGM following the date of cessation of entry, membership or employment as the case may be, but shall be eligible for re-election from year to year for a maximum of a further three years from that date with the approval of a majority of the other Directors.

2) Notwithstanding the provisions of proviso 1) above, where a Director of the Company holds that office by virtue of the application of the criteria in (B) above and

- (i) the Owner ceases to have any vessels entered in the Company; or
- (ii) the Member ceases to be a Member of the Company

in either case by reason of the application of Rule 35 ~~vi f, or vii or iii (as amended, substituted or replaced from time to time)~~ of the Rules or, in the case of 2(ii), the Member ceasing to be a Member of SMUA by reason of the application of rule 35 i f, ii or iii (as amended, substituted or replaced from time to time) of the rules of SMUA, the Director shall cease to hold office with immediate effect upon ~~the such~~ cessation of entry or Membership in accordance with Rule 35 vi or vii.

- (2) Save where the Directors otherwise exceptionally resolve, no person who has attained the age of 72 years shall be eligible to be appointed or elected a Director and a Director shall retire at the board meeting following the date of his 72nd birthday **PROVIDED THAT** Directors serving at the date of the adoption of these Bye-laws who had reached the age of 71 years on or before 20 February 2010 shall retire at the board meeting following their 75th birthday.

BOARD AUTHORITY TO MANAGE COMPANY BUSINESS

- 48. (1) The business of the Company shall be managed by the Board who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and incorporating the Company, and who, in addition to the powers and authorities by these Bye-Laws or the Rules or otherwise expressly conferred upon them, may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company and as are not hereby or by statute expressly directed to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting, subject nevertheless to the provisions of any statute and of these Bye-Laws and the Rules. Subject to the provisions of these Bye-Laws the business of the Company shall be conducted in accordance with the Rules.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing the Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property or any part thereof or to issue debentures or other securities.

BOARD RESPONSIBILITY FOR BOOKS AND ASSETS

49. The Board shall exercise a general supervision over the affairs of the Company and without limitation of the foregoing they shall be responsible for the correct keeping of the books and for the safekeeping of all moneys and securities of the Company and shall submit their books, accounts and vouchers to the Auditor whenever required so to do and shall furnish such information and explanations to the Auditors as may be necessary for the performance of his duties.

DELEGATION TO COMMITTEES

50. The Board may delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of two or more of the Directors, but every such Committee shall conform to such directions as the Board shall impose on it.

POWER TO APPOINT ATTORNEY

51. The Board may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm, person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be an attorney of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions so vested in the attorney. Such attorney may, if so authorised under the Seal of the Company, execute any deed or instrument under such attorney's personal Seal with the same effect as the affixation of the Seal of the Company.

POWER TO BORROW AND CHARGE PROPERTY

52. The Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital, or any part thereof, and may issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or any third party.

EXERCISE OF POWER TO DISCONTINUE THE COMPANY

53. The Board may exercise all the powers of the Company to discontinue the Company to a named country or jurisdiction outside Bermuda pursuant to Section 132G of the Act.

DELEGATION TO MANAGERS

54. The Board may from time to time delegate to the Managers such of the powers, duties or discretions hereby or by the Rules vested in the Board as the Board may think fit and such powers, duties or discretions may be made exercisable for such period and upon such terms and conditions and subject to such restrictions as the Board may determine and the Board may at any

time revoke such delegation; PROVIDED that nothing hereinbefore in this Bye-Law contained shall entitle the Board to delegate to the Managers any of the powers, duties or discretions of the Directors:

- (1) Which are required by law to be exercised by the Directors personally, or
- (2) Which relate to general meetings or the proceedings thereat, or
- (3) Which are conferred by Bye-Laws 48(2), 52 or 54, or
- (4) Which relate to meetings of the Board or Committees of the Board or the proceedings thereat, or
- (5) Which relate to the appointment of Managers or the Secretary, or
- (6) Which relate to the Seal, Reserves, Accounts or notices of general meetings;

And so that:

- (i) The Directors may, subject to the terms of such delegation, at any time and from time to time by notice in writing to the Managers revoke or vary any such delegation, term, condition or restriction as aforesaid, and
- (ii) Nothing hereinbefore in this Bye-Law contained and no such delegation as aforesaid shall constitute the Managers Directors of the Company.

VACANCIES ON BOARD

55. The Board shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any qualified person to fill a casual vacancy in the Board of Directors, who shall hold office until the next election of the Directors, and the continuing Directors may act, notwithstanding any vacancy in their number PROVIDED that in the event that the number of continuing Directors has been reduced below the number of six the continuing Directors must immediately appoint a sufficient number of persons to restore the number of continuing Directors to a minimum of six.

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

56. (1) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms as to remuneration and otherwise as the Directors may from time to time determine and no Director or intended Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any such office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or otherwise, nor shall any such contract or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director is in any way interested, be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be

liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established.

- (2) Any Director, or any Director's firm, partner or any company with whom any Director is associated, may act in a professional capacity for the Company and such Director or such Director's firm, partner or such company shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if such Director were not a Director, provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director or Director's firm, partner or such company to act as Auditor of the Company.
- (3) A Director who is directly or indirectly interested in a contract or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of such interest as required by the Companies Act.
- (4) A Director shall not as a Director vote, nor shall he be counted in the quorum present upon a motion, in respect of any contract, matter or arrangement which he shall make with the Company or in which he is so interested as aforesaid and, if he does so vote his vote shall not be counted.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

57. The remuneration of the Directors shall be such sum (if any) as shall from time to time be voted to them by the Company in general meeting, and any such sum (unless otherwise determined by the resolution by which it is voted) shall be divided amongst the Directors as they shall resolve or, failing such resolution, equally. The Directors' remuneration shall be deemed to accrue de die in diem.

EXPENSES OF DIRECTORS

58. The Directors shall also be entitled to be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of Committees of the Directors or of general meetings of the Company or in connection with the business of the Company.

QUORUM FOR BOARD MEETINGS

59. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Board shall be two.

RESTRICTION ON UNITED KINGDOM RESIDENTS AT BOARD MEETINGS

60. At any meeting of the Board or a Committee of the Board, those present in person and entitled to vote at the Meeting shall always consist of a majority of persons who are not residents of the United Kingdom. Failing this, any resolution passed at such Meeting shall be void and have no effect.

BOARD MEETINGS

61. (1) The Secretary on the requisition of any Director shall, and a Director may, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.
- (2) Notice of a meeting of the Board shall be deemed to be duly given to a Director if it is given to such Director verbally in person or by telephone or otherwise communicated or sent to such Director by post, cable, telex, telecopier, facsimile, electronic mail or other mode of representing words in a legible form at such Director's last known address or any other address given by such Director to the Company for this purpose.
- (3) Meetings of the Board may be held without notice if all the Directors are present or represented by their Alternates. The Board may meet for the transaction of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meetings as it sees fit.
- (4) Directors may participate in any meeting of the Board by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.
- (5) A resolution put to the vote at a meeting of the Board shall be carried by the affirmative votes of a majority of the votes cast and in the case of an equality of votes the resolution shall fail and the chairman of the meeting shall not be entitled to a further casting vote.

WRITTEN RESOLUTIONS

62. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors, which may be in counterparts, shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board duly called and constituted, such resolution to be effective on the date on which the last Director signs the resolution. For the purposes of this Bye-Law only, "Director" shall not include an Alternate Director.

REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

63. (1) Subject to any provisions to the contrary contained in the Act or these Bye-Laws the Members may at any special or annual general meeting convened and held in accordance with the Bye-Laws remove a Director. The notice of any such meeting shall contain a statement of the intention so to do and be served on such Director not less than 14 clear days before the meeting and at any such meeting such Director shall be entitled to be heard on a motion for his removal. Nothing in the Bye-Law shall have the effect of depriving any person of any compensation or damages which may be payable to him in respect to the termination of his appointment as a Director of the Company or of any other appointment with the

Company.

- (2) A vacancy on the Board created by the removal of a Director under the provisions of this Bye-Law may be filled by election by the Members at the meeting at which such Director is removed and, in the absence of such election, there shall be deemed to be a vacancy which may be filled in accordance with the provisions of Bye-Law 55.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

64. (1) At any general meeting the Members may elect a person or persons to act as Directors in the alternative to any one or more of the Directors of the Company and they shall be known as "Alternate Directors". The Members may at any general meeting authorise the Board for the time being in office to appoint such Alternate Directors. If the Board shall be so authorised, any Director may at any time appoint any person to be his Alternate Director subject to the approval of the Board.
- (2) An Alternate Director shall, subject to his giving to the Company an address at which notices may be served upon him, be entitled to receive notices of all meetings and to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director for whom he was appointed is not personally present and generally to perform all the functions of the Director for whom he was appointed in the absence of such Director. An Alternate Director shall have all the rights and powers of the Director for whom he is appointed in the alternative save that he shall not be entitled to vote at any meeting of the Directors except in the absence of such Director.
- (3) An Alternate Director shall immediately cease to be such if the Director for whom he was appointed ceases for any reason to be a Director. He shall automatically be appointed as an Alternate Director when the Director for whom he was an Alternate immediately prior to the annual meeting retires by rotation and is reappointed as a Director of the Company. An Alternate Director may be removed at any time by the Board or by the Members. Appointments and removals of Alternate Directors by individual Directors shall be effected by notice left with the Secretary.

VACATION OF OFFICE OF DIRECTOR

65. The office of Director shall be vacated if the Director:
 - (1) Is or becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally.
 - (2) Ceases to be eligible for appointment as a Director.

- (3) Is removed from office pursuant to these Bye-Laws or is prohibited from being a Director by law.
- (4) Resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company.
- (5) Is or becomes of unsound mind or dies.

MINUTES

66. (1) The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose:
 - (i) Of all elections and appointments of officers;
 - (ii) Of the names of the Directors or their Alternates present at each meeting of the Directors and of any Committee of the Directors;
 - (iii) Of all orders made by the Directors and Committees of Directors;
 - (iv) Of all resolutions and proceedings of each General Meeting of the Members and of each meeting of the Directors or any Committee of the Directors.
- (2) Minutes prepared in accordance with the Companies Act and these Bye-Laws shall be kept by the Secretary at the registered office of the Company.
- (3) The Directors must ensure that the Company keeps a record, in writing, for at least ten years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the Directors.

OFFICERS OTHER THAN DIRECTORS

- 67 (1) The officers of the Company may consist of a President, one or more Vice presidents, a Secretary and such other officers, including a chairman of the Board, as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- (2) The Directors shall as soon as conveniently may be after each annual election of Directors, choose or elect one of their number to be the President of the Company and one or more of their number to be Vice Presidents of the Company and, if the Board desires to have a Chairman of the Board, the Directors shall choose or elect such officer from their number. Other officers may be appointed as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- (3) The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors and shall hold office during the pleasure of the Directors. The Secretary need not be a Director.

- (4) A Treasurer may be appointed by the Directors and shall hold office during the pleasure of the Directors. The Treasurer need not be a Director.
- (5) Other officers, such as Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers, may be appointed by the Directors and shall hold office during the pleasure of the Directors.
- (6) The same person may hold the offices of Chairman of the Board, President, Secretary and Treasurer. Any of the Vice Presidents may also hold the offices of Secretary or Treasurer.
- (7) The Secretary or an Assistant Secretary if there be one shall attend all meetings of the Members, of the Board and of Committees of the Directors, keep correct minutes of such meetings and enter the same in proper books provided for the purpose. They shall perform such other duties as are prescribed by the Act or Bye-Laws, or as shall be prescribed by the Directors from time to time.

MANAGERS

68. (1) The Managers shall be Steamship Mutual Management (Bermuda) Limited or such other person as is appointed by the Board from time to time.
- (2) The Managers shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Board and of Committees of the Board (unless otherwise ordered by the Board) and all Annual or Special General Meetings of the Company.
- (3) In addition and without prejudice to any powers, duties and discretions for the time being delegated to the Managers pursuant to these Bye-Laws, the Managers may exercise and discharge all such powers, duties and discretions as may be conferred or imposed upon the Managers by the Rules.
- (4) Whenever any power, duty or discretion is delegated to the Managers pursuant to these Bye-Laws or is conferred or imposed upon the Managers by the Rules, such power, duty or discretion may, subject to any terms, conditions or restrictions imposed upon the Managers in relation thereto either pursuant to these Bye-Laws or (as the case may be) by the Rules, be exercised by any one or more of the Managers or by any agent of the Managers.

ACCOUNTS

69. (1) Any moneys for the time being in the hands of the Company and not immediately required to meet any claims, expenses and outgoings to which these Bye-Laws or the Rules are applicable and the Reserve Fund may be invested in such investments as the Board thinks fit.

- (2) The Board shall cause true accounts to be kept of all transactions of the Company in such manner as to show the assets and liabilities of the Company for the time being and the books of account shall at all times be kept at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as the Board may from time to time determine and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.
- (3) The Board of Directors shall cause the accounts of the Company to be audited once at least in every fiscal year by an independent representative of the Company and such audited accounts shall be laid before the Members at the Annual General Meeting in each year and shall be open to inspection by any Member.

AUDIT

70. (1) Subject to Section 88 of the Companies Act, at the annual general meeting or at a subsequent special general meeting in each year, an independent representative of the Members shall be appointed by them as Auditor of the accounts of the Company. Such Auditor may be a Member but no Director, Officer or employee of the Company shall, during his or her continuance in office, be eligible to act as an Auditor of the Company.
- (2) The remuneration of the Auditor shall be fixed by the Company in general meeting or in such manner as the Members may determine.
- (3) If the office of Auditor becomes vacant by the resignation or death of the Auditor, or by the Auditor becoming incapable of acting by reason of illness or other disability at a time when the Auditor's services are required, the Board shall fill such vacancy.
- (4) The Auditor shall at all reasonable times have access to all books kept by the Company and to all accounts and vouchers relating thereto, and the Auditor may call on the Directors or Officers of the Company for any information in their possession relating to the books or affairs of the Company.
- (5) Subject to any rights to waive laying of accounts or appointment of an Auditor pursuant to Section 88 of the Act, the accounts of the Company shall be audited at least once in every year.
- (6) The financial statements provided for by these Bye-Laws shall be audited by the Auditor in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The Auditor shall make a written report thereon in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the report of the Auditor shall be submitted to the Members in General Meeting.
- (7) The generally accepted auditing standards referred to in sub-paragraph (ii) of this Bye-Law may be those of a country or jurisdiction other than Bermuda. If so, the

financial statements and the report of the Auditor must disclose this fact and name such country or jurisdiction.

- (8) The Auditor shall be entitled to attend any general meeting of the Company at which any accounts which have been examined or reported on by him are to be laid before the Company and to make any statements or explanations he may desire with respect to the accounts and notice of every such meeting shall be given to the Auditor in the manner prescribed for Members.

NOTICES AND INFORMATION

71. (1) Notice may be given by the Company to any Member in accordance with Bye-law 20.
- (2) Without prejudice to the provisions of these Bye-laws governing the giving of notice to Members, a document and information may be given by the Company to any Member in any manner permitted by these Bye-laws for the giving of notice to a Member.

SEAL

72. (1) The Seal of the Company shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time determine. The Board may adopt one or more duplicate Seals for use outside Bermuda.
- (2) The Seal of the Company shall not be affixed to any instrument except attested by the signature of a Director and the Secretary or any two Directors, or some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose, provided that any Director, or Officer, may affix the Seal of the Company attested by such Director or Officer's signature only to any authenticated copies of these Bye-Laws, the incorporating documents of the Company, the minutes of any meetings or any other documents required to be authenticated by such Director or Officer.

INDEMNITY

73. (1) The Directors, the Secretary and other Officers of the Company, the employees of the Company and the Managers and every duly appointed representative thereof, and the directors, officers and employees of the Managers and of every duly appointed representative thereof, for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and the liquidator or trustees (if any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company and every one of them, and their heirs, executors and administrators, shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, liabilities, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or

supposed duty, or in their respective offices or trusts, and none of them shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of the others of them or for joining in any receipts for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects belonging to the Company shall or may be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for insufficiency or deficiency of any security upon which any moneys of or belonging to the Company shall be placed out on or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, PROVIDED THAT this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud, dishonesty or wilful misconduct which may attach to any of the said persons. Each Member agrees to waive any claim or right of action such Member might have, whether individually or by or in the right of the Company, against any Director, Officer or employee of the Company, any Manager or any duly appointed representative thereof or any director officer or employee of any Manager or duly appointed representative thereof, on account of any action taken by such persons, or the failure of such persons to take any action in the performance of his duties with or for the Company, PROVIDED THAT such waiver shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud, dishonesty or wilful misconduct which may attach to such person.

- (2) No Director, the Secretary or other Officer of the Company, or any employee of the Company or any Manager or duly appointed representative thereof or any director, officer or employee of the Managers or of any duly appointed representative thereof shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director, Officer, employee of the Company or Manager or duly appointed representative thereof or director, officer or employee of the Managers or of any duly appointed representative thereof, or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity, or for any loss or expense happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Board for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be deposited, or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgment, omission, default or oversight on his part, or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in relation to the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happened through his own fraud, dishonesty or willful misconduct.

ARBITRATION

74. If and whenever any difference, dispute or question arises between the Company and any Member or his estate, legal or personal representative or trustee in bankruptcy or liquidator touching any loss or claim and not being a matter which under these Bye-Laws or the Rules of any Class is left to the final determination of the Directors, such difference, dispute or question shall be determined in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions as set out in the Rules.

WINDING UP

75. The liability of Members on a winding up shall be governed by Section 154 of the Companies Act.

SCHEDULE

FORM OF PROXY

Before completing this form, please read the explanatory notes below

The undersigned, a Member of THE STEAMSHIP MUTUAL UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION (Bermuda) LIMITED (the “Company”) hereby appoints **[..... named person...] or failing him / her the chairman of the meeting** as my proxy to attend, speak and vote for me on my behalf at a General Meeting of The Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Limited to be held at [..place..], at [...] hours on [.....date.....] and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed

Date

Name (please print)

Company Name

Address

Notes to the proxy form

1. As a member of the Company you are entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of your rights to attend, speak and vote at a general meeting of the Company. You may appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes.

2. To appoint a proxy using this form, the form must be: (i) completed and signed; and (ii) received by the Company at the registered office of the Company at 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda or at such other place or in such manner as is specified in the notice convening

the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote.

3. As an alternative to completing a hard-copy proxy form, you can appoint a proxy electronically by sending it by e-mail to kathleen.kelly@simsl.com. For an electronic proxy appointment to be valid, your appointment must be received by the Company in such manner as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote.

4. Appointment of a proxy does not preclude you from attending the meeting and voting in person. If you have appointed a proxy and attend the meeting in person, your proxy appointment will automatically be terminated.

5. A proxy does not need to be a member of the Company but must attend the meeting to represent you.

6. You may direct your proxy how to vote on the resolutions proposed. If no voting indication is given, your proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his or her discretion. Your proxy will vote (or abstain from voting) as he or she thinks fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the meeting.

7. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which this proxy form is signed (or a duly certified copy of such power or authority) must be included with the proxy form.

8. If you submit more than one valid proxy appointment, the appointment received last before the latest time for the receipt of proxies will take precedence.

B

AMENDMENTS FOR 2015/16 TO THE RULES OF CLASS 1 PROTECTION AND INDEMNITY OF THE STEAMSHIP MUTUAL UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION (BERMUDA) LIMITED

In the table below, the proposed new wording is shown in **bold** and underlined and wording to be deleted is shown as [~~xxx~~]. Explanatory notes in italics have been provided for the proposed changes.

6	Entry	
i - vii	
viii	<p><u>A notice or other document required to be served on a Member under these Rules or the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Club may be served as the Managers decide, either personally, or by sending it through the post in a pre-paid letter, or by courier, facsimile, or email or other electronic communication addressed to the Member. The Member agrees that any such address shall be that notified to the Club by the Member or its servants or agents appearing in the records of the Club.</u></p> <p><u>A notice or document directed to be served on the Member shall, with respect to any Joint Members, affiliates and any others insured to any extent under the Member's entry, be given to which of such persons is named first in the Register of Members and a notice or document so given shall be sufficient service upon all such Joint Members, affiliates and any others insured under the Member's entry.</u></p>	<p><i>A new provision to simplify the way in which the Club is permitted to correspond with Members, particularly in respect of corporate notices such as notices of general meetings. Service of a notice or document in the manner prescribed would constitute effective service upon the Member and others insured under the Member's entry.</i></p>
9		
i	Joint Members and Assureds	
a	If an entry is made in the names of or on behalf of more persons than one (hereinafter referred to as Joint Members) each Joint Member shall be bound by the Rules including, without limitation, the provisions of Rule 8, and shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls, contributions, premium and any other sums due to the Club in respect of such entry; and the receipt by any one Joint Member of any sums payable by the Club in respect of such entry shall be sufficient discharge of the Club for the same.	
b	The cover afforded to Joint Members shall extend only to risks, liabilities, costs and expenses arising out of operations and/or activities customarily carried on by or at the risk and responsibility of shipowners and which are within the scope of the cover provided under the terms, conditions and exceptions provided by these Rules and by the Certificate of Entry.	
c	The conduct of any one Joint Member which is	

	sufficient to bar that Joint Member's right of recovery under the terms, conditions and exceptions provided by these Rules and by the Certificate of Entry shall bar absolutely the rights of recovery of all Joint Members thereunder.	
d	If the entry of any Joint Member ceases or is terminated for any reason, the Managers shall have the option, but not the obligation, to terminate the entry of any and all other Joint Members as from the date of cessation of the entry of the Member aforesaid, or from any other date which the Managers may in their absolute discretion decide.	
ii	Affiliates	
	When an entry is made by a Member cover provided under these Rules and by the Certificate of Entry may be extended, subject to the written agreement of the Managers, to any person associated or affiliated with that Member;	
	<u>Should a claim in respect whereof a Member is insured by the Club under these Rules and by the Certificate of Entry be made or enforced through an associated or affiliated person (other than a Joint Member or Assured in relation to the Member), and excluding any charterer, (except bareboat or demise) of the Entered Ship, the Club shall, if so requested by the Member in writing, indemnify such associated or affiliated person against any loss which as a consequence thereof such person shall have incurred in that capacity;</u>	<i>An amendment to enable recovery where a claim that, if made against the Member, itself, would be covered, can also be recovered when made against an associate or affiliate of the Member.</i>
	<i>Provided that:</i>	
a	such right of indemnity cover shall only extend to a liability which would have been incurred by the Member if the claim concerning that liability had been made against the Member;	
b	such right of indemnity cover shall not extend to any amount which would not have been recoverable from the Club by that Member had such claim been made or enforced against that Member;	
c	to the extent that the Club indemnifies such associated or affiliated persons hereunder such cover it shall not be under any further liability and shall not make any further payment to any person whatsoever, including the said Member, in respect of the claim so indemnified;	
d	the conduct of that Member or any associated or affiliated person which is sufficient to bar that person's rights of recovery under the terms, conditions and exceptions provided by these Rules and by the Certificate of Entry shall bar the rights of recovery of all persons thereunder.	
iii	Assureds	
	Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Managers, any party whatsoever and howsoever insured by the Club shall be bound by all the terms, conditions and exceptions provided by these Rules and by the Certificate of Entry evidencing such insurance.	

25		
iv	Life Salvage	
	To the extent not recoverable from hull underwriters, cargo owners or underwriters, sums awarded to third parties, <u>or in the Managers absolute discretion, where claimed by third parties to be lawfully recoverable,</u> for the saving of, or attempting to save, the life of any person on or from an entered ship.	<i>An amendment to clarify that cover may extend to liabilities to third parties, and/or sums claimed by third parties, for their expenses in saving or attempting to save the life of any person on or from an Entered Ship, in situations where there is no award.</i>
25		
xiii	Cargo Liabilities	
a	Loss, Shortage, Damage and other Responsibility....	
b	Handling of Damaged or Worthless Cargo....	
c	Failure of Cargo Interests to Collect Cargo....	
d	Through Transport....	
	<i>Provided always that:</i>	
	In relation to paragraphs a–d of this Rule 25 xiii	
(viii)	Discretionary Claims	
	Unless and to the extent that the Directors shall in their absolute discretion otherwise determine (and in any event only if they are satisfied that the Member took such steps as appear to those Directors to be reasonable to avoid the event or circumstances giving rise to such liabilities, costs and expenses), there shall be no recovery from the Club under paragraphs a–d of this Rule 25 xiii in respect of the Member's liabilities, costs or expenses arising out of:	
	(a) the discharge of the cargo or any part thereof at any port or place other than a port or place permitted by the relevant contract of carriage;	
	(b) <u>the delivery of cargo carried on an Entered Ship under a negotiable bill of lading or similar document of title without the production of that the relevant bill of lading or document by the person to whom delivery is made, except where cargo has been carried on an Entered Ship under the terms of a non-negotiable bill of lading, waybill or other non-negotiable document, and despite having been properly delivered as required by that document, liability nevertheless arises under the terms of a negotiable bill of lading or other similar document of title (issued by or on behalf of a party other than the Member) providing for carriage in part upon the Entered Ship and in part upon another ship or by another mode of transport.</u>	<i>An amendment to align the wording with the Pooling Agreement. As currently drafted the Rule does not include the requirement in the Pooling Agreement that production of the bill of lading should be by the party to whom delivery is made. In cases where the bill of lading is surrendered to the Master or to owners agents at the load port or in other ways and delivery is then made to the wrong party at the discharge port, it is arguable that under the Rules as currently drafted the claim would not be excluded on the basis of non-production of a bill of lading, although it is possible that such a claim could be excluded from pooling on the basis that delivery was made other than to the person producing the bill of lading. This amendment also includes the Pooling Agreement exception to the exclusion which is applicable to a Member's liability arising under a negotiable bill of lading issued by another carrier</i>

		<i>where the Member has performed part of the carriage pursuant to a non-negotiable bill of lading issued by him.</i>
	(c) the delivery of cargo carried under a non-negotiable bill of lading, waybill or similar document without production of such document by the person to whom delivery is made, where such production is required pursuant to the terms of and/or the law applicable to that document, except where the Member is obliged by law to deliver, or relinquish custody or control of, the cargo, without production of such document;	
	(d) the issue of an ante dated or post-dated bill of lading, waybill or other document containing or evidencing the contract of carriage;	
	(e) the issue of a bill of lading, waybill or other document containing or evidencing the contract of carriage known by the Member or the Master of the entered ship to contain an incorrect description of the cargo or its condition or quantity;	
32	Reinsurance	
i	The Managers may on behalf of the Club enter into contracts of reinsurance under which the Club agrees to reinsure the risks arising in connection with any one or more ships insured by another insurer or else agrees to reinsure the whole or any part or proportion of the insurance business of any other insurer. The premium payable to the Club and the terms and conditions on which the reinsurance is accepted by the Club shall be such as are agreed between the Managers and such other insurer.	
ii	The Club may continue to be a party to the Pooling Agreement or to any other agreement of a similar nature or purpose.	
iii	The Managers shall have the right in their discretion to effect on behalf of the Club the reinsurance or ceding of any risks insured by the Club (including any risk which may fall on the Club by reason of a reinsurance or the Pooling Agreement referred to in paragraphs i or ii of this Rule) with such reinsurers and on such terms as the Managers shall consider appropriate.	
iv	The Club shall cease to have any liability whatsoever to the Member in respect of that part of any liabilities, costs and expenses which are reinsured under, but is not recovered by the Club from parties to, any reinsurance contract or arrangement, including but not limited to the Pooling Agreement, and/or under the Group Excess Loss Reinsurance Contract, because of a shortfall in recovery from such parties or reinsurers thereunder by reason of a sanction, prohibition or adverse action against them by a State or International Organisation or other competent authority or the risk thereof if payment were to be made by such parties or reinsurers.	<i>The Reinsurance Rule was amended with effect from 20 February 2010 so as to preclude reimbursement of a claim to the extent that there is a shortfall in recovery by the Club from another Club which is a party to the Pooling Agreement or from Excess Loss underwriters, by reason of sanctions. It was further amended with effect from 20th February 2011 to provide that if the Club has already indemnified the Member, the Member will be liable to repay the Club any shortfall in recovery under the Pooling Agreement/Group Excess Loss insurance. It is proposed to</i>

		<p><i>extend the restriction on recovery to apply also to shortfalls in recovery from other reinsurers and reinsurances. The restriction would apply only where sanctions affect recoveries in relation to liabilities that are reinsured.</i></p> <p><i>All of the Clubs in the International Group have adopted a similar provision.</i></p>
	<p>If the Club has indemnified the Member (and/or made payment pursuant to a Certificate of Financial Responsibility or any other guarantee issued to or on behalf of a Member, pursuant to Rule 43 or otherwise) <u>in respect of any liabilities, costs and expenses which are reinsured hereunder</u>, and there is subsequently a shortfall in recovery from such parties or reinsurers thereunder by reason of a sanction, prohibition or adverse action against them by a State or International Organisation or the risk thereof if payment were to be made by such parties or reinsurers, the Member shall repay to the Club on demand the amount of any shortfall as certified by the Managers.</p>	
	<p>For the purposes of this Rule 32 iv "shortfall" includes (but is not limited to) any failure or delay in recovery by the Club by reason of the parties or reinsurers making payment into a designated account in compliance with the requirements of any State or International Organisation or other competent authority.</p>	
	<p><i>Note: A number of amendments have been made to the Rules to reflect the introduction of sanctions and other similar legislation affecting the Club directly or indirectly. The Managers draw particular attention to Rule 32 iv.</i></p> <p><i>The Club:</i></p> <p><i>i) From time to time, reinsures the risks insured under <u>and/or pursuant to</u> these Rules; and</i></p> <p><i>ii) Pools <u>certain</u> such risks with fellow Member Clubs of the International Group of P&I Clubs, and these pooled risks are also reinsured.</i></p> <p><i>In order to ensure both the sufficiency of the security provided by such reinsurance and its cost efficiency, both the Club and the International Group place reinsurance with a number of reinsurers domiciled in a variety of jurisdictions. It is, therefore, possible that one or more of such reinsurers may be, or may become, subject to legislation or regulations regarding sanctions, the effect of which would prevent the Club from making full recovery under the reinsurance.</i></p> <p><i>The effect of Rule 32 iv is that if there is such a shortfall in recovery, the Club will be under no liability to the Member to that extent. If the Club has already indemnified the Member, the Member will be liable to repay the Club any shortfall in recovery under the Pooling Agreement/Group Excess Loss insurance, <u>or any other reinsurance contract or arrangement</u>.</i></p>	

35	Cessation of Membership	
i	A Member shall cease to be a Member and shall cease to be insured by the Club in respect of any and all ships entered by him upon the happening of any of the following events:	
a	...	
b	...	
c	...	
d	...	
e	...	
f	where by virtue of any sanction, prohibition or adverse action in any form whatsoever by any State or International Organisation, the Club is prohibited from insuring that Member.	
	<i>Provided that</i>	
(i)	...	
(ii)	if any Member ceases to be insured by the Club by operation of this Rule 35 i a to f in respect of the ships entered by it, the entry and insurance of all other Joint Members entered pursuant to Rule 9 i shall continue notwithstanding, unless the Managers, in their discretion, decide to terminate such entry and insurance on behalf of the other Joint Members, or any of them, either on the date of cessation of entry of the Member to which this Rule 35 i a to f applies or such other date which the Managers may in their absolute discretion decide.	
ii	If the insurance of a ship by the Club is prohibited by any State or International Organisation, or if any ship is employed by the Member or permitted to be employed by the Member in a carriage, trade or on a voyage which will thereby in any way howsoever expose the Club to the risk of being or becoming subject to any sanction, prohibition or adverse action in any form whatsoever by any State or International Organisation, there shall be no insurance by the Club of such ship or in respect of such carriage, trade or voyage from the date when the vessel is or is permitted to be so employed , such prohibition becomes effective or when such insurance or employment becomes sanctionable activity.	<i>An amendment to clarify that Rule 35 ii (an automatic suspension of cover) operates in circumstances where there is a risk of a sanctions breach, not just when there is an actual breach of sanctions regulations. The amendment ties the suspension of Club cover with the risk that the employment of the vessel exposes the Club to the risk of sanctions, whereas it is arguable that the current wording requires there to be an actual prohibition against the Club insuring (1) the ship or (2) the member's trading activity.</i>
	In the event of any dispute as to such prohibition or as to whether the ship has been so employed, the Managers' decision shall be final.	
iii	Notwithstanding and without prejudice to Rule 35 i f and ii above, the Managers may, on such notice in writing as they may decide, terminate, or determine that there shall be no cover under the entry, or any part of it, or any part of any other cover arrangement of a Member and/or the entry of any vessel where the provision of cover to or in respect of a vessel and/or a Members' continuing entry or cover will expose, or may in the opinion of the Managers expose, the Club or any of its Members to the risk of being or becoming subject to any sanction, prohibition or adverse action in any form whatsoever by any State or International	<i>In addition to (1) automatic termination of cover where by virtue of sanctions the Club is prohibited from insuring a particular Member, and (2) an automatic suspension of cover where (a) insurance of a ship becomes prohibited or (b) the employment of the vessel by the member exposes the Club to sanctions risks, Rule 35 iii provides further rights (exercisable by the Managers) to terminate or suspend part of an entry where it is</i>

	Organisation.	<i>determined that continuing such entry may expose the Club to sanctions risks.</i>
	<i>Provided that</i>	
a	<p>If the cesser of Membership and of insurance be occasioned by any of the events specified in Rule 35 i sub-paragraphs a to f above, such Member, its estate, legal, personal representatives, trustees in bankruptcy or liquidator as the case may be, shall be and remain liable for contributions in respect of the Policy Year during the currency of which the event occurred, pro rata only to the period beginning with that Policy Year and ending upon the happening of such event; but the Club shall thereupon cease to be liable for any claims under these Rules and in respect of such ship or ships arising by virtue of any incident or occurrence occurring after the happening of any such specified events in sub-paragraphs a to f above, or for any claims directly or indirectly arising because of such specified event(s), and nothing done by the Club subsequent to any such specified event shall constitute a waiver of the Club's rights under this subparagraph, unless the Club shall thereafter have expressly, in writing to the Member, accepted liability for such claim.</p>	
b	nothing in the foregoing proviso a shall prejudice the Managers' rights, under Rule 37 , to terminate or rescind cover, and to require payment of premium as herein provided.	
c	In relation to Rule 35 ii and iii , when the risk of any such sanction, prohibition or adverse action ceases, insurance by the Club in respect of any and all ship(s) entered by the Member, or in respect of any other cover arrangement of a Member, may in the Managers' discretion be reinstated.	

FORM OF PROXY

Before completing this form, please read the explanatory notes below

The undersigned, a Member of **THE STEAMSHIP MUTUAL UNDERWRITING ASSOCIATION (BERMUDA) LIMITED** (the “Company”) hereby appoints Michael Frith* or Heather Jane Cooper* (*delete as appropriate) or failing him/her the Chairman of the meeting as my proxy to attend, speak and vote for me on my behalf at a General Meeting of The Steamship Mutual Underwriting Association (Bermuda) Limited to be held at the Registered office of the Association, Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM-11, Bermuda, at 10.00 hours on 19 February 2015 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed

Date

Name (please print)

Company Name

Address

.....

Notes to the proxy form

1. As a member of the Company you are entitled to appoint a proxy to exercise all or any of your rights to attend, speak and vote at a general meeting of the Company. You may appoint a proxy using the procedures set out in these notes.
2. To appoint a proxy using this form, the form must be: (i) completed and signed; (ii) sent or delivered to the Registered Office of the Company at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda; and (iii) received by the Company no later than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
3. As an alternative to completing a hard-copy proxy form, you can appoint a proxy electronically by sending it by e-mail to kathleen.kelly@sims1.com. For an electronic proxy appointment to be valid, your appointment must be received by the Company no later than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
4. Appointment of a proxy does not preclude you from attending the meeting and voting in person. If you have appointed a proxy and attend the meeting in person, your proxy appointment will automatically be terminated.
5. A proxy does not need to be a member of the Company but must attend the meeting to represent you.
6. You may direct your proxy how to vote on the resolutions proposed. If no voting indication is given, your proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his or her discretion. Your proxy will vote (or abstain from voting) as he or she thinks fit in relation to any other matter which is put before the meeting.
7. Any power of attorney or any other authority under which this proxy form is signed (or a duly certified copy of such power or authority) must be included with the proxy form.
8. If you submit more than one valid proxy appointment, the appointment received last before the latest time for the receipt of proxies will take precedence.